Meios de Comunicação e Atualidade — Exercícios

9.º Ano | Inglês | 3 páginas | 8 exercícios

Competências que desenvolve: identificar e comparar meios de comunicação, ler excertos de notícias, captar os pontos principais de um texto jornalístico e expressar hábitos mediáticos em inglês.

1. Liga cada meio de comunicação à sua descrição

a) newspaper — ____ b) radio — ____ c) television — ____

d) streaming service — ____ e) news app — ____

1) ouvir programas pelo som 2) ler artigos impressos 3) ver séries e filmes por subscrição 4) ver notícias no telemóvel 5) ver programas e filmes no ecrã

2. Completa as expressões corretas

read · watch · follow · breaking

a) _____ news (últimas notícias) b) _____ an article (ler um artigo)

c) _____ a programme (ver um programa) d) _____ an influencer (seguir)

3. Escolhe a opção correta

a) I _____ the news every morning. (see / read / watch)

b) The _____ was on at eight o'clock. (news / new / newspaper)

c) Turn _____ the TV, please! (on / up / in)

d) My grandfather _____ the radio while he cooks. (listens to / hears / listens)

4. Completa com *read*, *watch*, *follow* ou *breaking*, na forma correta

a) In the morning I usually _____ the news on my phone.

b) My family _____ the news after dinner.

c) I _____ a channel that posts funny videos.

d) _____ news is important when something happens suddenly.

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5. Lê o excerto de notícia e responde

SCHOOL NEWSPAPER

Last Friday our school launched its own news app. Students can now read articles about school events on their phones. The editors say that the app receives about two hundred visits a day, and the most popular section is the sports column. Next month the team will interview the new head teacher.

a) When was the news app launched? → _____

b) Where can students read the articles? → _____

c) Which section is the most popular? → _____

d) Who will the team interview next month? → _____

6. Verdadeiro (V) ou Falso (F)

a) «News» é um substantivo singular em inglês. → ____

b) «Breaking news» significa notícias de última hora. → ____

c) Diz-se «watch a newspaper». → ____

d) Uma notícia começa pelo ponto mais importante (o *lead*). → ____

7. Ordena as palavras e forma frases

a) read / I / every day / the news → _____

b) usually / my family / watches / the news / after dinner → _____

c) is / there / what / on TV tonight → _____ ?

8. Fala dos teus hábitos mediáticos

a) How do you get the news?

b) What do you watch or listen to every day?

c) Which medium is the most useful for young people? Why?

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Soluções

1. a) 2 b) 1 c) 5 d) 3 e) 4

2. a) Breaking b) read c) watch d) follow

3. a) read b) news c) on d) listens to

4. a) read b) watches c) follow d) Breaking

5. a) Last Friday. b) On their phones (through the news app). c) The sports column. d) The new head teacher.

6. a) V b) V c) F — diz-se «read a newspaper» d) V

7. a) I read the news every day. b) My family usually watches the news after dinner. c) What is on TV tonight?

8. Resposta pessoal. Exemplo: *I get the news on my phone through an app. I usually watch videos and listen to music. I think apps are the most useful because they are fast and free.*

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