

Teste — Media & Global Communication

10.º Ano Inglês 3 páginas 10 questões · 20 valores

10 questões · 20 valores (2 por questão) · Tempo sugerido: 90 min · Nível B1.

Questões

Q1 (2 v). Vocabulário mediático — liga: a) clickbait · b) echo chamber · c) to verify · d) digital footprint → 1. espaço com opiniões todas iguais · 2. confirmar se algo é verdade · 3. rasto de dados que deixas online · 4. título chamativo enganador → a-___ b-___ c-___ d-___

Q2 (2 v). Reporta (said that...): a) "I'm busy," she said. → She said she ___ busy. b) "I'll wait," he said. → He said he ___ wait. c) "I saw the post," Lina said. → Lina said she ___ seen the post. d) "I can translate," he said. → He said he ___ translate.

Q3 (2 v). Forma correta / corrige: a) He asked me where ___ (did the bus leave / the bus left). b) "Report it," she said. → She told us ___ (report it / to report it). c) Errado: "They suggested to go early." → ___ d) The sign warned us ___ (not touch) the wires.

Q4 (2 v). Condicionais: a) If it ___ (rain), we ___ (cancel) the trip. b) If I ___ (be) the mayor, I ___ (improve) the buses. c) If we leave now, we ___ (catch) the train. d) I'd call her if I ___ (have) her number.

Q5 (2 v). Corrige os erros: a) "If it will snow, we will cancel." → ___ b) "If I would be you, I would apologise." → ___ c) "Unless you don't hurry, we'll be late." → ___ d) "If I would have known, I would have helped." → ___

Q6 (2 v). Leitura:

A viral post claimed that the mayor had banned all pets in the city. The story had no source, no date and no photo. It was shared 40,000 times before the council published a correction — which reached only 3,000 readers.

a) Que provas o post apresentava? ____ b) Explica numa frase porque o post se espalhou mais que a correção: ____

Q7 (2 v). Linguagem de fórum: a) melhor forma de discordar: "You're wrong!" / "I see your point, but..." / "Whatever." → ____ b) Corrige: "I am agree with you." → ____ c) concordar totalmente → ____ d) "Could you ____ what you mean by 'bias'?" → ____

Q8 (2 v). Opinião ou facto? a) "The article was published on 3 May." → ____ b) "TikTok is a waste of time." → ____ c) "60% of teens check their phones first thing." → ____ d) "Online lessons are boring." → ____

Q9 (2 v). Especulação (will / might / could): a) According to the official timetable, the new channel ____ (start) at 8 p.m. b) Nobody knows for sure, but social media ____ (change) how we vote. c) Kids ____ (learn) languages faster with apps — it is possible. d) If schools teach media literacy, students ____ (be) better prepared.

Q10 (2 v). Produção — 3 frases: 1) reporta o que um jornal disse (discurso indireto com backshift); 2) uma hipótese do tipo 2 (if + would); 3) um conselho de literacia mediática com *should*.

Dica: Q2/Q5 — de trás para a frente: o tempo verbal do 2.º bloco diz-te o tipo de conditional; no reported, cada "said" puxa tudo uma casa para trás.

Notas do professor

Soluções — Teste: Media & Global Communication

Q1. a-4 (título enganador) · b-1 (opiniões iguais) · c-2 (confirmar) · d-3 (rasto de dados).

Q2. a) **was** b) **would** c) **had** d) **could**.

Q3. a) **the bus left** (ordem afirmativa) b) **to report it** (told sb to do) c) **They suggested going early**. (suggested + -ing, sem "to") d) **not to touch** (warn sb not to do).

Q4. a) **rains / will cancel** (tipo 1) b) **were / would improve** (tipo 2 + subjuntivo) c) **will catch** (if com presente → will) d) **had** (I'd no 1.º bloco → tipo 2 → if + passado).

Q5. a) **If it snows, we will cancel**. (sem will no if) b) **If I were you, I would apologise**. (were fixo; would só no 2.º bloco) c) **Unless you hurry, we'll be late**. (unless = if...not — sem dupla negação) d) **If I had known, I would have helped**. (tipo 3: had + V3 no if).

Q6. a) **nenhuma** — sem fonte, sem data e sem foto b) o post chocava/era novo e as pessoas **partilharam sem verificar** (sem media literacy a emoção viaja mais depressa: 40 000 vs 3 000 — a correção não "ganha" a corrida sem leitura crítica).

Q7. a) **"I see your point, but..."** b) **"I agree with you."** (agree é verbo) c) **"I couldn't agree more!"** d) **clarify**.

Q8. a) **facto** (data verificável) b) **opinião** (juízo de valor) c) **dado** (estatística) d) **opinião** (boring é subjectivo).

Q9. a) **will start** (timetable oficial → previsão segura) b) **might change** (nobody knows → possibilidade) c) **could learn** (it is possible → possibilidade) d) **will be** (if tipo 1 → consequência).

Q10. (exemplo) *The newspaper said that the council had approved the new plan*. (reported com backshift duplo) · *If I were in charge, I would show the sources of every article*. (tipo 2) · *You should always check who wrote the story before sharing it*. (conselho com should).